TO AVOID GETTING THE FLU



Every year the flu virus mutates and adapts to theprevious year's vaccines. As more and morepeople getvaccinated, they also help those who can't (like infants and seniors) from getting sick by granting herd immunity.



3. Wash your hands

One of the most important preventative measures that you can take all flu season long is to wash your hands! Make sure you are lathering your hands with soap, scrubbingthemforatleast20seconds, rinsing, and drying with a clean linen.



5. Don't touch your face

Unlessyouwashyourhandseverytimeyouuse your phone, keyboard, or doorknob, the best way to avoid sickness is to touch your face less, according toanewpaperpublishedinthejournalClinical Infectious Diseases.



7. Get moderate exercise

Moderate exercise, in the long run, strengthens your immune system. However, intense workouts leave your body in a weakened state that also weakens your immune system. After intense workouts, yourbody is more susceptible to getting sick for a 72-hour window.



Sometimes, sharing warm air inside an office orhomecanleadtogettingsick. Theairthat's circulatinginaclosed space carries germs and bacteria that can infect you. So, take a few minutes occasionally to get some freshair, when if it's a little chilly outside.

2. Follow proper sneeze etiquette

Make sure you cover your mouth and nose with atissuewhenyoucoughorsneeze.Putyour used tissue in a waste basket. If you don't have a tissue, coughorsneeze into your upper sleeve, not your hands.

4. Clean off frequently touched items

Phones, carinteriors, keyboards, doorknobs, light switches, hand rails, remote controls, kitchen tools, and children's toys are all hotbeds for bacteria and germs! So washing all these objects occasionally helpsreducetherisk of bacteria and germbuildup.



6. Closely monitor symptoms

Staying aware of how you are feeling throughout the fluse as on will help you to take preventative measures (suchastakingextra VitaminC)ifyoufeelsymptoms comingon. It can also help you adjust your activity levels to better prevent illness.



9. Stay home if you're⁻sick

If you go to work when you don't feel well, you can make others ill. Although a cold or flumightnotbeabigdeal for you, it can be serious for people with weak immune systems, like young children, the elderly, and anyone with a long-term health problem.

